



Our Ref:

LM:MF:DA/4190:D20/24029

Your Ref:

4016717.01 BLOOMFIELD RIVER STATE SCHOOL

25 August 2020

Telstra Corporation Limited C/- Visionstream Australia Pty Ltd PO Box 5452 West End QLD 4101 Attention: Daniel Park

Dear Mr Park

Decision Notice - Approval (with conditions)

Given under section 63 of the Planning Act 2016

The development application described below was properly made to Cook Shire Council on 23 June 2020.

Applicant details

Applicant name:

Telstra Corporation Limited

C/- Visionstream Australia Pty Ltd

Applicant contact details:

Visionstream Australia Pty Ltd

PO Box 5452

West End QLD 4101

Application details

Application number:

DA/4190

Approval sought:

Development Permit for a Material Change of Use

Description of the development

proposed:

Telecommunications Facility

Location details

Street address:

Rossville Bloomfield Road, Bloomfield

Real property description:

Lot 1 RP717971

Decision

Date of decision:

25 August 2020

Decision Details:

Approved in full with conditions. These conditions are set out

in Attachment 1.

Details of the approval

Development Permit

Material Change of Use for a Telecommunications Facility

Conditions

This approval is subject to the conditions in Attachment 1.

Further development permits

Please be advised that the following development permits are required to be obtained before the development can be carried out:

- 1. Development Permit for Building Works
- 2. Works within Council Road Reserve Permit

Properly made submissions

There were no properly made submissions for this application.

Referral Agencies

No part of the application triggered a referral under the *Planning Regulation 2017*.

Approved plans and specifications

Copies of the following plans, specifications and/or drawings are enclosed.

Currency period for the approval

This development approval will lapse at the end of the period set out in section 85 of the *Planning Act 2016*.

Lapsing of approval if development started but not completed

Any period required under a development condition.

Rights of appeal

The rights of applicants to appeal to a tribunal or the Planning and Environment Court against decisions about a development application are set out in chapter 6, part 1 of the *Planning Act 2016*. For particular applications, there may be also be a right to make an application for a declaration by a tribunal (see chapter 6, part 2 of the *Planning Act 2016*).

An applicant and/or submitter may appeal to the Planning and Environment Court or the Development tribunal against a number of matters (see Schedule 1 of the *Planning Act 2016*).

A copy of the extracts of the above referenced sections of the *Planning Act 2016* are attached (Attachment 2).

For further information, please contact Council's Planning Officer Michael Fallon on (07) 4082 0500.

Yours sincerely

Lisa Miller

Manager Planning and Environment

Cook Shire Council

enc: Attachment 1 (Part 1) – Conditions imposed by the Assessment Manager (Council)

Attachment 2 – Extract of Appeal Provisions (Chapter 6, Part 1 and Part 2 and Schedule 1 of the *Planning Act 2016*).

A. Assessment Manager (Council) Conditions

Approved Plans

- 1. The development must be carried out generally in accordance with the following Proposal Plan (Appendix A) submitted with the application, except for any variations required to comply with the conditions of this approval:
 - Site Access and Locality Plan Mobile Network Site 330157 Bloomfield River State School

 Rossville Bloomfield Rd, Bloomfield QLD 4895 Dwg No. Q116591 Sht No. S1 Dated
 21.05.20 Issue 1;
 - Site Layout Mobile Network Site 330157 Bloomfield River State School Rossville Bloomfield Rd, Bloomfield QLD 4895 – Dwg No. Q116591 – Sht No. S1-1 – Dated 21.05.20 – Issue 1; and
 - South Elevation Mobile Network Site 330157 Bloomfield River State School Rossville Bloomfield Rd, Bloomfield QLD 4895 – Dwg No. Q116591 – Sht No. S3 – Dated 21.05.20.

Access

- 2. Access to the proposed facility must be gravel sealed from the property boundary to the road pavement, and be constructed prior to the commencement of the use and in accordance with the relevant FNQROC Development Manual standard.
- 3. Plans showing the location of access to the proposed facility must be submitted to Council's Manager Engineering for approval prior to construction and be supported by a Traffic Management Plan undertaken by a suitably qualified person for works within the road reserve.
- 4. The future driveway shall:
 - Avoid reversing movement into or out of the development;
 - Provide safety for pedestrians by ensuring adequate site distance; and
 - Provide adequate clearance between vehicles turning path and physical constraints within the property.

Internal Driveway

- 5. The internal driveway servicing the development must be constructed to a minimum compacted gravel standard to a minimum depth of 100mm and be appropriately drained prior to the commencement of the use, and maintained for the life of the development, to the satisfaction of Council's delegated officer.
- **6.** The internal driveway must be maintained to the above standard for the life of the development.

Timing of Effect

- 7. The conditions of this development permit must be complied with to the satisfaction of Council's delegated officer prior to the commencement of the use.
- **8.** The applicant must notify Council that all the conditions of the development permit have been complied with prior to the commencement of the use.

Environmental

- **9.** The applicant must ensure that no soil or silt runoff occurs from the site during the construction and operational phase of the development.
- 10. No State declared or environmental pest plants and pest animals are to be introduced onto the property. The applicant/owner shall be responsible for the complete removal and destruction of any noxious weed or plants existing on the land in the access and construction footprint that is the subject of this Development Permit.

Public Utilities

11. The applicant/developer is responsible or the cost of necessary alterations to existing public utility mains, services or installations required by works in relation to the proposed development or any works required by the conditions of this approval.

Stormwater

12. Stormwater must be directed to a legal point of discharge.

Currency Period

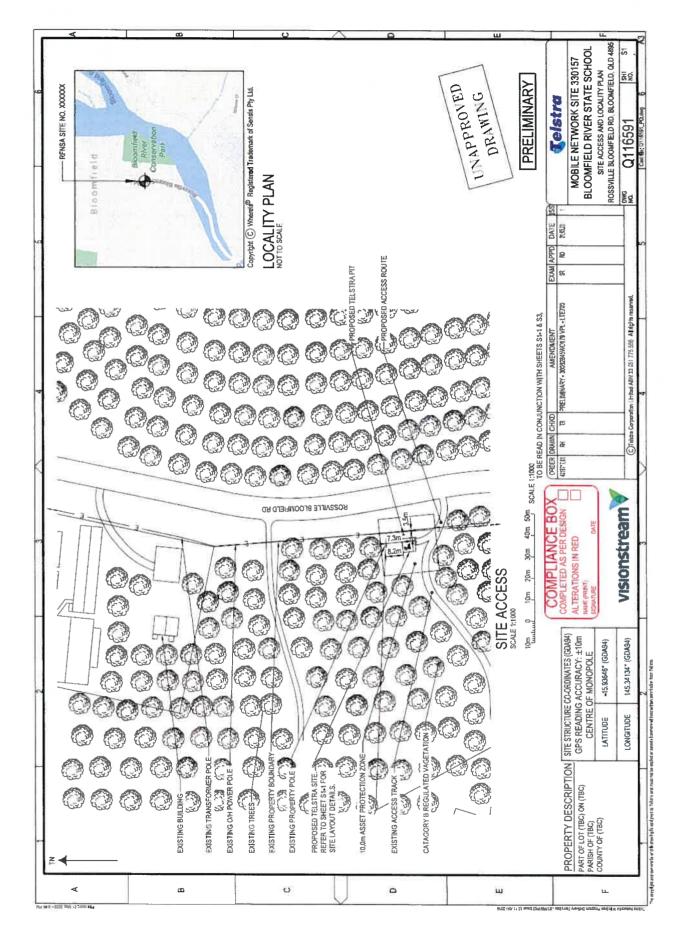
13. The currency period for this development approval is six (6) years. Should the use not be established within this time, the approval shall lapse.

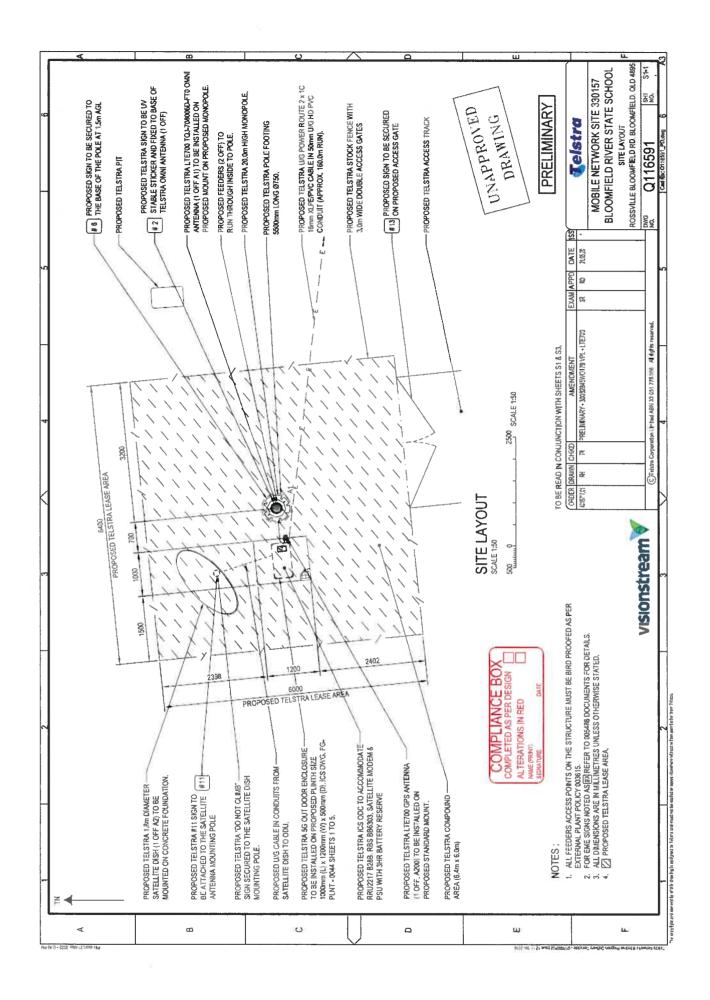
Outstanding Charges

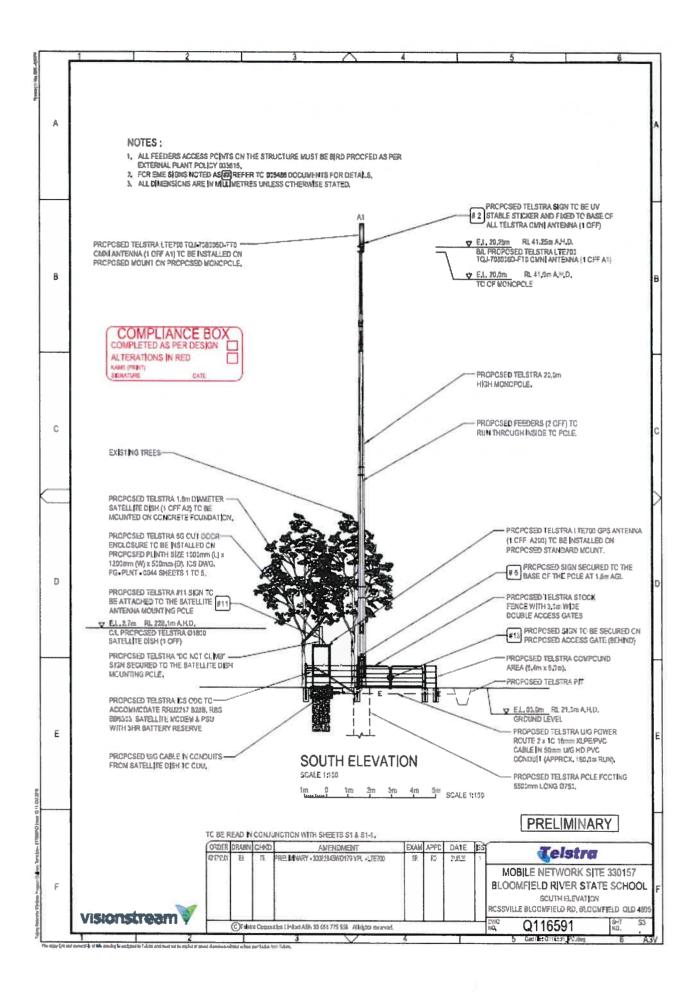
14. All rates, service charges, interest and other charges levied on the land must be paid prior to the use commencing.

B. Assessment Manager (Council) Conditions

- 1. That the applicant be advised that a further Development Permit is required for carrying out Building Works prior to the construction associated with this development.
- 2. The applicant/owner is to ensure compliance with the requirements of the *Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003*, and in particular 'the duty of care' that it imposes on all landowners.







Chapter 6 Dispute resolution

Part 1 Appeal rights

229 Appeals to tribunal or P&E Court

- (1) Schedule 1 states-
 - (a) matters that may be appealed to-
 - (i) either a tribunal or the P&E Court; or
 - (ii) only a tribunal; or
 - (iii) only the P&E Court; and
 - (b) the person-
 - (i) who may appeal a matter (the appellant); and
 - (ii) who is a respondent in an appeal of the matter; and

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- (iii) who is a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter; and
- (iv) who may elect to be a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter.
- (2) An appellant may start an appeal within the appeal period.
- (3) The appeal period is—
 - (a) for an appeal by a building advisory agency—10 business days after a decision notice for the decision is given to the agency; or
 - (b) for an appeal against a deemed refusal—at any time after the deemed refusal happens; or
 - (c) for an appeal against a decision of the Minister, under chapter 7, part 4, to register premises or to renew the registration of premises—20 business days after a notice is published under section 269(3)(a) or (4); or
 - (d) for an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice—
 20 business days after the infrastructure charges notice is given to the person; or
 - (e) for an appeal about a deemed approval of a development application for which a decision notice has not been given—30 business days after the applicant gives the deemed approval notice to the assessment manager; or
 - (f) for an appeal relating to the *Plumbing and Drainage Act* 2018—
 - (i) for an appeal against an enforcement notice given because of a belief mentioned in the *Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018*, section 143(2)(a)(i), (b) or (c)—5 business days after the day the notice is given; or
 - (ii) for an appeal against a decision of a local government or an inspector to give an action notice under the *Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018*—5 business days after the notice is given; or

- (iii) otherwise—20 business days after the day the notice is given; or
- (g) for any other appeal—20 business days after a notice of the decision for the matter, including an enforcement notice, is given to the person.

Note-

See the P&E Court Act for the court's power to extend the appeal period.

- (4) Each respondent and co-respondent for an appeal may be heard in the appeal.
- (5) If an appeal is only about a referral agency's response, the assessment manager may apply to the tribunal or P&E Court to withdraw from the appeal.
- (6) To remove any doubt, it is declared that an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice must not be about—
 - (a) the adopted charge itself; or
 - (b) for a decision about an offset or refund-
 - the establishment cost of trunk infrastructure identified in a LGIP; or
 - (ii) the cost of infrastructure decided using the method included in the local government's charges resolution.

230 Notice of appeal

- An appellant starts an appeal by lodging, with the registrar of the tribunal or P&E Court, a notice of appeal that—
 - (a) is in the approved form; and
 - (b) succinctly states the grounds of the appeal.
- (2) The notice of appeal must be accompanied by the required fee.
- (3) The appellant or, for an appeal to a tribunal, the registrar, must, within the service period, give a copy of the notice of appeal to—

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- (a) the respondent for the appeal; and
- (b) each co-respondent for the appeal; and
- (c) for an appeal about a development application under schedule 1, section 1, table 1, item 1—each principal submitter for the application whose submission has not been withdrawn; and
- (d) for an appeal about a change application under schedule 1, section 1, table 1, item 2—each principal submitter for the application whose submission has not been withdrawn; and
- (e) each person who may elect to be a co-respondent for the appeal other than an eligible submitter for a development application or change application the subject of the appeal; and
- (f) for an appeal to the P&E Court—the chief executive;
 and
- (g) for an appeal to a tribunal under another Act—any other person who the registrar considers appropriate.
- (4) The service period is—
 - (a) if a submitter or advice agency started the appeal in the P&E Court—2 business days after the appeal is started; or
 - (b) otherwise—10 business days after the appeal is started.
- (5) A notice of appeal given to a person who may elect to be a co-respondent must state the effect of subsection (6).
- (6) A person elects to be a co-respondent to an appeal by filing a notice of election in the approved form—
 - (a) if a copy of the notice of appeal is given to the person within 10 business days after the copy is given to the person; or
 - (b) otherwise—within 15 business days after the notice of appeal is lodged with the registrar of the tribunal or the P&E Court.

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- (a) the respondent for the appeal; and
- (b) each co-respondent for the appeal; and
- (c) for an appeal about a development application under schedule 1, section 1, table 1, item 1—each principal submitter for the application whose submission has not been withdrawn; and
- (d) for an appeal about a change application under schedule 1, section 1, table 1, item 2—each principal submitter for the application whose submission has not been withdrawn; and
- (e) each person who may elect to be a co-respondent for the appeal other than an eligible submitter for a development application or change application the subject of the appeal; and
- (f) for an appeal to the P&E Court—the chief executive;
 and
- (g) for an appeal to a tribunal under another Act—any other person who the registrar considers appropriate.
- (4) The service period is—
 - (a) if a submitter or advice agency started the appeal in the P&E Court—2 business days after the appeal is started;
 - (b) otherwise—10 business days after the appeal is started.
- (5) A notice of appeal given to a person who may elect to be a co-respondent must state the effect of subsection (6).
- (6) A person elects to be a co-respondent to an appeal by filing a notice of election in the approved form—
 - (a) if a copy of the notice of appeal is given to the person within 10 business days after the copy is given to the person; or
 - (b) otherwise—within 15 business days after the notice of appeal is lodged with the registrar of the tribunal or the P&E Court.

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- whether by the Supreme Court, another court, any tribunal or another entity; and
- (c) is not subject to any declaratory, injunctive or other order of the Supreme Court, another court, any tribunal or another entity on any ground.

232 Rules of the P&E Court

- A person who is appealing to the P&E Court must comply with the rules of the court that apply to the appeal.
- (2) However, the P&E Court may hear and decide an appeal even if the person has not complied with rules of the P&E Court.

Schedule 1 Appeals

section 229

1 Appeal rights and parties to appeals

- (1) Table 1 states the matters that may be appealed to-
 - (a) the P&E court; or
 - (b) a tribunal.
- (2) However, table 1 applies to a tribunal only if the matter involves—
 - (a) the refusal, or deemed refusal of a development application, for—
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
 - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (b) a provision of a development approval for-
 - a material change of use for a classified building;
 or
 - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (c) if a development permit was applied for—the decision to give a preliminary approval for—
 - a material change of use for a classified building;
 or
 - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (d) a development condition if-
 - the development approval is only for a material change of use that involves the use of a building classified under the Building Code as a class 2 building; and

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- (ii) the building is, or is proposed to be, not more than 3 storeys; and
- (iii) the proposed development is for not more than 60 sole-occupancy units; or
- (e) a decision for, or a deemed refusal of, an extension application for a development approval that is only for a material change of use of a classified building; or
- (f) a decision for, or a deemed refusal of, a change application for a development approval that is only for a material change of use of a classified building; or
- (g) a matter under this Act, to the extent the matter relates to the Building Act, other than a matter under that Act that may or must be decided by the Queensland Building and Construction Commission; or
- (h) a decision to give an enforcement notice-
 - in relation to a matter under paragraphs (a) to (g);
 or
 - (ii) under the Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018; or
- (i) an infrastructure charges notice; or
- (j) the refusal, or deemed refusal, of a conversion application; or
- a matter prescribed by regulation.
- (3) Also, table 1 does not apply to a tribunal if the matter involves—
 - (a) for a matter in subsection (2)(a) to (d)—
 - a development approval for which the development application required impact assessment; and
 - (ii) a development approval in relation to which the assessment manager received a properly made submission for the development application; or
 - (b) a provision of a development approval about the identification or inclusion, under a variation approval, of a matter for the development.

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- (4) Table 2 states the matters that may be appealed only to the P&E Court.
- (5) Table 3 states the matters that may be appealed only to the tribunal.
- (6) In each table-
 - (a) column 1 states the appellant in the appeal; and
 - (b) column 2 states the respondent in the appeal; and
 - (c) column 3 states the co-respondent (if any) in the appeal;and
 - (d) column 4 states the co-respondents by election (if any) in the appeal.
- (7) If the chief executive receives a notice of appeal under section 230(3)(f), the chief executive may elect to be a co-respondent in the appeal.
- (8) In this section storey see the Building Code, part A1.1.

Table 1 Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal

1. Development applications

For a development application other than an excluded application, an appeal may be made against—

- (a) the refusal of all or part of the development application; or
- (b) the deemed refusal of the development application; or
- (c) a provision of the development approval; or
- (d) if a development permit was applied for—the decision to give a preliminary approval.

Appeals	to the P&E Court an	able 1 d, for certain matters,	to a tribunal
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The applicant	The assessment manager	If the appeal is about a concurrence agency's referral response—the concurrence agency	1 A concurrence agency that is not a co-respondent 2 If a chosen assessment manager is the respondent—the prescribed assessment manager 3 Any eligible advice agency for the application 4 Any eligible submitter for the application

2. Change applications

For a change application other than an excluded application, an appeal may be made against-

- (a) the responsible entity's decision on the change application; or
- (b) a deemed refusal of the change application.

Schedule 1

	Table 1 Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal					
Column I Appellant		Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent	Column 4 Co-respondent		
			(if any)	by election (if any)		
2	The applicant If the responsible entity is the	The responsible entity	If an affected entity starts the appeal— the applicant	I A concurrence agency for the development application		
	assessment manager—an affected entity that gave a pre-request notice or response notice			2 If a chosen assessment manager is the respondent—the prescribed assessment manager		
				3 A private certifier for the development application		
				4 Any eligible advice agency for the change application		
				 Any eligible submitter for the change application 		

^{3.} Extension applications

For an extension application other than an extension application called in by the Minister, an appeal may be made against—

- (a) the assessment manager's decision on the extension application; or
- (b) a deemed refusal of the extension application.

	Table 1 Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal					
	olumn 1 opellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)		
1 2	The applicant For a matter other than a deemed refusal of an extension application—a concurrence agency, other than the chief executive, for the application	The assessment manager	If a concurrence agency starts the appeal—the applicant	If a chosen assessment manager is the respondent— the prescribed assessment manager		

4. Infrastructure charges notices

An appeal may be made against an infrastructure charges notice on 1 or more of the following grounds—

- (a) the notice involved an error relating to-
 - (i) the application of the relevant adopted charge; or

Examples of errors in applying an adopted charge-

- · the incorrect application of gross floor area for a non-residential development
- · applying an incorrect 'use category', under a regulation, to the development
- (ii) the working out of extra demand, for section 120; or
- (iii) an offset or refund; or
- (b) there was no decision about an offset or refund; or
- (c) if the infrastructure charges notice states a refund will be given—the timing for giving the refund; or
- (d) for an appeal to the P&E Court—the amount of the charge is so unreasonable that no reasonable relevant local government could have imposed the amount.

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Schedule 1

Appeals to t	Tab he P&E Court and,	le 1 for certain matters	, to a tribunal
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The person given the infrastructure charges notice	The local government that gave the infrastructure charges notice		
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The applicant	The local government to which the conversion application was made		
6. Enforcement notice An appeal may be ma	es de against the decision	to give an enforceme	nt notice.
Column I Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The person given the enforcement notice	The enforcement authority		If the enforcement authority is not the local government for the premises in relation to which the offence is alleged to have happened—the local government

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Table 2 Appeals to the P&E Court only

1. Appeals from tribunal

An appeal may be made against a decision of a tribunal, other than a decision under section 252, on the ground of—

- (a) an error or mistake in law on the part of the tribunal; or
- (b) jurisdictional error.

Column I	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent
		(if any)	by election (if any)
A party to the proceedings for the decision	The other party to the proceedings for the decision	of the same of the	w

2. Eligible submitter appeals

For a development application or change application other than an excluded application, an appeal may be made against the decision to approve the application, to the extent the decision relates to—

- (a) any part of the development application or change application that required impact assessment; or
- (b) a variation request.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
For a development application—an eligible submitter for the development application For a change application—an eligible submitter for the change application	1 For a development application—the assessment manager 2 For a change application—the responsible entity	1 The applicant 2 If the appeal is about a concurrence agency's referral response—the concurrence agency	Another eligible submitter for the application

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Table 2 Appeals to the P&E Court only

3. Eligible submitter and eligible advice agency appeals

For a development application or change application other than an excluded application, an appeal may be made against a provision of the development approval, or a failure to include a provision in the development approval, to the extent the matter relates to—

- (a) any part of the development application or change application that required impact assessment; or
- (b) a variation request.

	lumn l pellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent	Column 4 Co-respondent
		, sac	(if any)	by election (if any)
2	For a development application—an eligible submitter for the development application For a change application—an eligible submitter for the change application An eligible	1 For a development application—the assessment manager 2 For a change application—the responsible entity	The applicant If the appeal is about a concurrence agency's referral response—the concurrence agency	Another eligible submitter for the application
	advice agency for the development application or change application			

4. Compensation claims

An appeal may be made against-

- (a) a decision under section 32 about a compensation claim; or
- (b) a decision under section 265 about a claim for compensation; or
- (c) a deemed refusal of a claim under paragraph (a) or (b).

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	Table 2 Appeals to the P&E Court only				
	lumn 1 pellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)	
	person dissatisfied th the decision	The local government to which the claim was made	_	_	
	Registered premise appeal may be ma	es ade against a decision c	of the Minister under	chapter 7, part 4.	
	lumn 1 pellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)	
2	A person given a decision notice about the decision If the decision is to register premises or renew the registration of premises—an owner or occupier of premises in the affected area for the registered premises who is dissatisfied with the decision			If an owner or occupier starts the appeal—the owner of the registered premises	

6. Local laws

An appeal may be made against a decision of a local government, or conditions applied, under a local law about—

- (a) the use of premises, other than a use that is the natural and ordinary consequence of prohibited development; or
- (b) the erection of a building or other structure.

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Schedule 1

Table 2 Appeals to the P&E Court only				
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)	
A person who— (a) applied for the decision; and (b) is dissatisfied with the decision or conditions.	The local government			

Table 3 Appeals to a tribunal only 1. Building advisory agency appeals

An appeal may be made against giving a development approval for building work to the extent the building work required code assessment against the building assessment provisions.

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent
		(if any)	by election (if any)
A building advisory agency for the development application related to the approval	The assessment manager	The applicant	1 A concurrence agency for the development application related to the approval
			2 A private certifier for the development application related to the approval

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Table 3 Appeals to a tribunal only

2. Inspection of building work

An appeal may be made against a decision of a building certifier or referral agency about the inspection of building work that is the subject of a building development approval under the Building Act.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The applicant for the development approval	The person who made the decision	_	

- Certain decisions under the Building Act and the Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018
 An appeal may be made against—
- (a) a decision under the Building Act, other than a decision made by the Queensland Building and Construction Commission, if an information notice about the decision was given or required to be given under that Act; or
- (b) a decision under the Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018, other than a decision made by the Queensland Building and Construction Commission, if an information notice about the decision was given or required to be given under that Act.

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent
		(if any)	by election (if
			any)
A person who received, or was entitled to receive, an information notice about the decision	The entity that made the decision		

4. Local government failure to decide application under the Building Act

An appeal may be made against a local government's failure to decide an application under the Building Act within the period required under that Act.

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Schedule 1

Table 3 Appeals to a tribunal only			
Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent
		(if any)	by election (if
			any)
A person who was entitled to receive notice of the decision	The local government to which the application was made		
Drainage Act 2018 An appeal may be ma Drainage Act 2018, o Commission to make	de against a failure to ther than a failure by t a decision, within the	make a decision under he Queensland Buildin period required under equired to be given und	the Plumbing and ag and Construction that Act, if an
Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent
		(if any)	by election (if
			any)
A person who was entitled to receive an information notice about the decision	The entity that failed to make the decision	-	